

(1) Determine the gradient of the line through $(-4 ; -3)$ and the origin.

(2) Determine the gradient of the line through $(2 ; -1)$ that is also parallel to the x -axis.

(3) $A(3 ; 7)$, $B(1 ; 3)$ and $C(5 ; 1)$ are the vertices of ΔABC . Show that ΔABC is a right- angled triangle.

(4) $A(-1 ; 3)$, $B(3 ; 5)$ and $C(5 ; 9)$.

(a) Is A, B and C collinear? Show all calculations.

(b) Prove that $AB = BC$.

(c) Is B the mid-point of line AC? Show all calculations.

[illegible]

(5) Given: $P(-5 ; -2)$, $Q(3 ; -3)$ and $R(2 ; k)$. Calculate k if:

(a) $PQ = QR$

(b) $PQ \parallel QR$

(c) $PQ \perp QR$

